such acknowledgment and the reason why the acknowledgment was not obtained;

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(3) Specific requirements for electronic notice.

(iii) * * * The requirements in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section apply to electronic notice.

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(e) Implementation specifications: Documentation. A covered entity must document compliance with the notice requirements, as required by §164.530(j), by retaining copies of the notices issued by the covered entity and, if applicable, any written acknowledgments of receipt of the notice or documentation of good faith efforts to obtain such written acknowledgment, in accordance with paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section.

§ 164.522 Rights to request privacy protection for protected health information.

- (a)(1) Standard: Right of an individual to request restriction of uses and disclosures. (i) A covered entity must permit an individual to request that the covered entity restrict:
- (A) Uses or disclosures of protected health information about the individual to carry out treatment, payment, or health care operations; and
- (B) Disclosures permitted under §164.510(b).
- (ii) A covered entity is not required to agree to a restriction.
- (iii) A covered entity that agrees to a restriction under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section may not use or disclose protected health information in violation of such restriction, except that, if the individual who requested the restriction is in need of emergency treatment and the restricted protected health information is needed to provide the emergency treatment, the covered entity may use the restricted protected health information, or may disclose such information to a health care provider, to provide such treatment to the individual.
- (iv) If restricted protected health information is disclosed to a health care provider for emergency treatment under paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section, the covered entity must request that such health care provider not further use or disclose the information.

- (v) A restriction agreed to by a covered entity under paragraph (a) of this section, is not effective under this subpart to prevent uses or disclosures permitted or required under §§ 164.502(a)(2)(i), 164.510(a) or 164.512.
- (2) Implementation specifications: Terminating a restriction. A covered entity may terminate its agreement to a restriction, if:
- (i) The individual agrees to or requests the termination in writing;
- (ii) The individual orally agrees to the termination and the oral agreement is documented; or
- (iii) The covered entity informs the individual that it is terminating its agreement to a restriction, except that such termination is only effective with respect to protected health information created or received after it has so informed the individual.
- (3) Implementation specification: Documentation. A covered entity that agrees to a restriction must document the restriction in accordance with §164.530(j).
- (b)(1) Standard: Confidential communications requirements. (i) A covered health care provider must permit individuals to request and must accommodate reasonable requests by individuals to receive communications of protected health information from the covered health care provider by alternative means or at alternative locations.
- (ii) A health plan must permit individuals to request and must accommodate reasonable requests by individuals to receive communications of protected health information from the health plan by alternative means or at alternative locations, if the individual clearly states that the disclosure of all or part of that information could endanger the individual.
- (2) Implementation specifications: Conditions on providing confidential communications.
- (i) A covered entity may require the individual to make a request for a confidential communication described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section in writing.
- (ii) A covered entity may condition the provision of a reasonable accommodation on:

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- (A) When appropriate, information as to how payment, if any, will be handled: and
- (B) Specification of an alternative address or other method of contact.
- (iii) A covered health care provider may not require an explanation from the individual as to the basis for the request as a condition of providing communications on a confidential basis.
- (iv) A health plan may require that a request contain a statement that disclosure of all or part of the information to which the request pertains could endanger the individual.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 67 FR 53271, Aug. 14, 2002, \$164.522, was amended by removing the reference to ''164.502(a)(2)(i)'' in paragraph (a)(1)(v), and adding in its place ''164.502(a)(2)(ii)'', effective Oct. 15, 2002.

§ 164.524 Access of individuals to protected health information.

- (a) Standard: Access to protected health information. (1) Right of access. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a)(2) or (a)(3) of this section, an individual has a right of access to inspect and obtain a copy of protected health information about the individual in a designated record set, for as long as the protected health information is maintained in the designated record set, except for:
 - (i) Psychotherapy notes;
- (ii) Information compiled in reasonable anticipation of, or for use in, a civil, criminal, or administrative action or proceeding; and
- (iii) Protected health information maintained by a covered entity that is:
- (A) Subject to the Clinical Laboratory Improvements Amendments of 1988, 42 U.S.C. 263a, to the extent the provision of access to the individual would be prohibited by law; or
- (B) Exempt from the Clinical Laboratory Improvements Amendments of 1988, pursuant to 42 CFR 493.3(a)(2).
- (2) Unreviewable grounds for denial. A covered entity may deny an individual access without providing the individual an opportunity for review, in the following circumstances.
- (i) The protected health information is excepted from the right of access by paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

- (ii) A covered entity that is a correctional institution or a covered health care provider acting under the direction of the correctional institution may deny, in whole or in part, an inmate's request to obtain a copy of protected health information, if obtaining such copy would jeopardize the health, safety, security, custody, or rehabilitation of the individual or of other inmates, or the safety of any officer, employee, or other person at the correctional institution or responsible for the transporting of the inmate.
- (iii) An individual's access to protected health information created or obtained by a covered health care provider in the course of research that includes treatment may be temporarily suspended for as long as the research is in progress, provided that the individual has agreed to the denial of access when consenting to participate in the research that includes treatment, and the covered health care provider has informed the individual that the right of access will be reinstated upon completion of the research.
- (iv) An individual's access to protected health information that is contained in records that are subject to the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. 552a, may be denied, if the denial of access under the Privacy Act would meet the requirements of that law.
- (v) An individual's access may be denied if the protected health information was obtained from someone other than a health care provider under a promise of confidentiality and the access requested would be reasonably likely to reveal the source of the information.
- (3) Reviewable grounds for denial. A covered entity may deny an individual access, provided that the individual is given a right to have such denials reviewed, as required by paragraph (a)(4) of this section, in the following circumstances:
- (i) A licensed health care professional has determined, in the exercise of professional judgment, that the access requested is reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical safety of the individual or another person;
- (ii) The protected health information makes reference to another person (unless such other person is a health care